

IN THE SPECIFICATION

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 19, line 8, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In the present invention, since a polymerizable monomer and an organic solvent are employed, particularly, when a first surface active agent present in an aqueous medium has high affinity with the polymerizable monomer and/or the organic solvent, the first surface active agent tends to remain on the surface of a toner particle. Also, in respect to the emulsification polymerization aggregation process, when an obtained aggregate is fused, the first surface active agent tends to remain inside the toner particle. Accordingly, a second surface active agent having polarity opposite to the polarity of the used first surface active agent is added after the formation of the toner particle and the ~~remaining first~~ second surface active agent is adsorbed preferentially to the ~~second surface active agent of the toner~~, so as to eliminate the influence of the remaining first surface active agent.

Please replace the paragraph beginning at page 20, line 1, with the following rewritten paragraph:

In particular, in the polymer suspension method, a low molecular resin is employed to lower the viscosity of a dispersed system (an oil phase) and to facilitate emulsification, and after the emulsification, a particle that contains a polymeric resin can be created by addition polymerization reaction inside the particle. However, the polymer obtained by the addition polymerization reaction significantly influences the electrostatic property of the toner. Herein, the influence of the residual first surface active agent on the electrostatic property of the polymer obtained via the addition polymerization reaction can be reduced by reacting the second surface active agent having polarity opposite to the polarity of the used first surface active agent to the toner particle and adsorbing the ~~residual first~~ second surface active agent

to the surface of the toner preferentially. Accordingly, spherical particles having a smooth surface, narrow particle size distribution, and low fixing temperature, which seldom adhere to a fixing roller or belt can be obtained.